

SaaS Benchmark Sheet — Series-A B2B SaaS (2026)

MGT 816 · Redline Labs Model Pack · PS2

Classroom ground truth for Manual Check #3 — if the AI cites a number not traceable here or to a checkable source, stamp it UNVERIFIED.

How to read this sheet. These are professor-verified benchmark ranges for an early-stage (roughly Series-A) B2B SaaS company, drawn from the most recent editions of the named benchmark series as of mid-2026. Each row is tiered so you can label an assumption *conservative* → *typical* → *aggressive*. Benchmarks are directional, not laws: a defensible model can sit outside a range if the case facts justify it — but the AI must say *why*, and every external number it invokes must trace to a named source below (or another checkable one) or be logged as UNVERIFIED.

#	Metric	Benchmark range (conservative → typical → aggressive)	Named source(s)
1	Logo churn — monthly, gross	By segment: enterprise 1%/mo or less ; mid-market ~1–2.5%/mo ; SMB ~3–5%/mo . Best-in-class <1%/mo at any segment. New logos often churn less in their first months of tenure.	SaaS Capital (annual B2B SaaS retention research); KeyBanc Capital Markets & Sapphire Ventures Private SaaS Company Survey
2	Net Revenue Retention (NRR)	Good / Better / Best = 100% / 110% / 120%+ (Bessemer). Recent private-SaaS medians run ~100–110% (down from 2021 highs); top-quartile 110–120% ; usage- and expansion-led models can exceed 120% .	Bessemer Venture Partners (“Good / Better / Best”); KeyBanc & Sapphire Private SaaS Survey; High Alpha SaaS Benchmarks
3	Gross margin — traditional SaaS	75–85% (median ~75–80%); best-in-class 80%+ .	KeyBanc & Sapphire Private SaaS Survey; High Alpha SaaS Benchmarks Report (formerly OpenView)
4	Gross margin — AI-native SaaS (inference drag)	Recent AI-core cohort runs ~5 pts below traditional SaaS (High Alpha 2025); heavily inference-bound products have historically run ~50–70% (a16z), improving as cost-per-unit of inference falls and mix shifts.	High Alpha SaaS Benchmarks 2025 (AI cohort); a16z, “The New Business of AI”
5	CAC payback (months, GM-adjusted)	Best-in-class < 12 mo (Skok’s sustainability line); healthy 12–18 mo ; > 24 mo concerning for early-stage.	David Skok (forEntrepreneurs); Bessemer Venture Partners; High Alpha SaaS Benchmarks
6	LTV : CAC	3:1 or better healthy (Skok’s floor, not a target); < 1:1 unsustainable; > 5:1 may signal <i>under-investment</i> in growth, not virtue.	David Skok (forEntrepreneurs); Bessemer Venture Partners
7	Burn multiple (net burn ÷ net new ARR)	< 1 amazing · 1–1.5 great · 1.5–2 good · 2–3 suspect · > 3 bad . Lower is better; it measures cash burned per dollar of new ARR.	David Sacks / Craft Ventures (“The Burn Multiple”)

#	Metric	Benchmark range (conservative → typical → aggressive)	Named source(s)
8	AE quota & OTE norms	All-segment median OTE ~\$190–200k at roughly 50/50 base/variable; SMB/velocity motions run lower (~\$120–160k). Median new-ARR quota ~\$800k–\$960k; quota:OTE ~4–5× (typical span ~3.2–4.8×).	The Bridge Group (SaaS AE Metrics & Compensation Report, 2024–25 editions)
9	CSM : customer ratio	By touch model: high-touch ~ 1:10–25 accounts ; mid-touch ~ 1:40–50 ; low/tech-touch 1:100+ . Common planning anchor: ~\$2M ARR per CSM (mid-market CSM books run ~\$2–5M).	Gainsight (CS team benchmarks); SaaStr (“\$2M per CSM” scaling rule)
10	New-business commission (%) of first-year ACV)	~ 8–14% of first-year ACV for new logos (recent median ~ 11–12% at full attainment; ~10% is the old rule of thumb); renewals/expansions typically lower.	The Bridge Group (SaaS AE Metrics & Compensation Report)

Definitions used above. *Logo churn* = accounts lost ÷ beginning accounts (gross, before adds). *NRR* = (starting ARR + expansion – contraction – churn) ÷ starting ARR, existing customers only. *Gross margin* = (revenue – COGS) ÷ revenue, where COGS includes hosting, inference/compute, and customer-facing support. *CAC payback* = fully-loaded S&M to win a customer ÷ that customer’s monthly gross profit. *Burn multiple* = net cash burned ÷ net new ARR over the same period. *OTE* = on-target earnings (base + variable at 100% of quota).

Sources are cited by series; use the most recent edition posted by each publisher. Figures are rounded, directional planning benchmarks — not guarantees.